

would be the order of the day. True to his reverence for our system of government, and his respect and admiration for the institution he now serves in, JOHN initiated this idea in response to calls for a return to civility in the House of Representatives. It is a testament to his skill and effectiveness that this legislation garnered 313 cosponsors, including both the Speaker of the House, Mr. HASTERT, and the House Minority Leader, Mr. GEPHARDT, and was adopted by the House in just a little over four months from its introduction on June 22 of this year. The United States Senate is deeply indebted to our distinguished colleague, Senator ROBERT C. BYRD, for his considerable efforts to preserve the history of the Senate through his four-volume history. The House of Representatives, and students of government across this Nation, will be indebted to JOHN LARSON for his efforts as well.

I am privileged to count JOHN as a friend and an advisor and I commend him on the enactment of this, his first, legislative initiative. It is an honor for me, as the Ranking Member of the Committee on Rules and Administration, to play a small role in assisting his efforts to preserve the rich history of the House of Representatives for future generations. I urge the adoption of this legislation.

Mrs. HUTCHISON. I ask unanimous consent the bill be read three times, passed, the motion to reconsider be laid on the table, and any statements relating thereto be printed in the RECORD.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The bill (H.R. 2303) was read the third time and passed.

REMOVAL OF INJUNCTION OF SECRECY—TREATY DOCUMENT NO. 106-15

Mrs. HUTCHISON. Mr. President, as in executive session, I ask unanimous consent the injunction of secrecy be removed from the following convention transmitted to the Senate on October 29, 1999, by the President of the United States:

Tax Convention with Ireland (Treaty Document No. 106-15).

I further ask the convention be considered as having been read the first time; that it be referred, with accompanying papers, to the Committee on Foreign Relations, and ordered to be printed; and that the President's message be printed in the RECORD.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The message of the President is as follows:

To the Senate of the United States:

I transmit herewith for Senate advice and consent to ratification the Convention Amending the Convention Between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of Ireland for the Avoidance of Double Taxation and the Prevention of Fiscal

Evasion with Respect to Taxes on Income and Capital Gains signed at Dublin on July 28, 1997. The Convention, which was negotiated pursuant to the Senate's resolution of October 31, 1997, granting advice and consent to the 1997 Convention, modifies the tax treatment of dividends received from Real Estate Investment Trusts.

I recommend that the Senate give early and favorable consideration to this Convention and give its advice and consent to ratification.

WILLIAM J. CLINTON.

THE WHITE HOUSE, October 29, 1999.

RECOGNIZING AND HONORING THE NEW YORK YANKEES

Mrs. HUTCHISON. I ask unanimous consent the Senate proceed to the immediate consideration of S. Res. 210, recognizing and honoring the New York Yankees, introduced earlier today by Senators SCHUMER and MOYNIHAN.

I will withhold my objection and make it a unanimous consent request.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report the resolution by title.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A resolution (S. Res. 210) recognizing and honoring the New York Yankees.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the resolution.

Mr. SCHUMER. Mr. President, it is with great pride that I rise today with my distinguished colleagues, Senator MOYNIHAN and Senator LIEBERMAN, to introduce a resolution honoring one of the greatest franchises in American sports history, the New York Yankees, or as so many of us endearingly refer to them as—the Bronx Bombers.

Having grown up in New York during the 1950's, I am full of fond memories of a team that as a child I idolized. After school, time after time, I rode the dynamite D train with my friends from Sheepshead Bay to Yankee Stadium in the Bronx, sitting in the bleachers eating hot dogs and munching on peanuts, watching my idol Mickey Mantle play like no one else could, then returning home happy as a kid could be, all for less than three dollars. At that time, the only thing in life I wanted to be was Mickey Mantle. Since I never reached that achievement, it is only proper for me to honor the team in which he became a baseball icon.

The Yankee were then, and are now, the toast of the town. They have become a franchise synonymous with greatness, a team full of heroes, playing in the greatest city in the world. Players such as Babe Ruth, Mickey Mantle, Joe DiMaggio, Yogi Berra, and Lou Gehrig are some of the many Yankee legends of the past. Players like Bernie Williams, Derek Jeter, and David Cone are our Yankee legends of the future. The Yankees are typified by character, commitment and achievement, values that represent all that is great about baseball, the State of New York, and America. I can still remem-

ber listening to one of the greatest games of all time, Don Larsen's perfect game in Game 5 of the 1956 World Series. But the memories do not stop there, five years later in 1961 Roger Maris hit a then-astonishing 61 home runs, breaking the previous record of 60 set by the legendary Babe Ruth.

Sixteen Hall of Famers, countless no-hitters, and 25 World Championships later, I stand before you to honor an American icon, a team of this century, and also the next, the New York Yankees.

Mr. LIEBERMAN. Mr. President, it is with considerable glee that I rise today to commend a true titan of our national pastime, the New York Yankees, who earlier this week cemented their legacy as the preeminent dynasty of 20th century American sports.

The Yankees four-game sweep of the Atlanta Braves in this year's World Series earned the franchise its 25th championship of the 1900s, proving that the Yankees belong right up there with Uncle Sam and Mom's apple pie as inspirational symbols of America's greatness.

In Connecticut, the loyalties of baseball fans are split between the Yankees, the New York Mets, and the Boston Red Sox. This made the 1999 Major League Baseball season truly memorable, as all three teams advanced to their respective league championships and vied for the pennant.

I confess that I was once a Brooklyn Dodgers backer, but I have been cheering the Bronx Bombers for decades—since my eldest son, Matt, caught Yankee fever at an early age. Some of my fondest memories are watching games at Yankee Stadium with my family. Yet I cannot recall any of the teams' accomplishments being more impressive or fun to watch than this world championship, the Yankees' third in four years, capping a string of World Series triumphs that dates back to 1923.

I tip my pinstripe cap to Manager Joe Torre, Series MVP Mariano Rivera, the indomitable Roger Clements, Orlando "El Duque" Hernandez, the valiant Paul O'Neill, the heroic Chad Curtis, and the entire Yankees organization for their inspirational and dominating play this October. The Yankees' remarkable success has brought untold joy to their neighbors in Connecticut.

Mrs. HUTCHISON. I ask unanimous consent the resolution and preamble be agreed to en bloc, the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, and any statements relating thereto be printed in the RECORD.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Mrs. HUTCHISON. I also add, the Texas Rangers will rise again.

The resolution (S. Res. 210) was agreed to.

The preamble was agreed to.

The resolution, with its preamble, reads as follows:

S. RES. 210

Whereas the New York Yankees is 1 of the greatest sports franchises ever;

Whereas the New York Yankees are the winningest sports franchise in professional sports history;

Whereas the New York Yankees have won 25 World Series, the most by any major league franchise;

Whereas the New York Yankees have played 86 seasons in the city of New York;

Whereas the New York Yankees became a baseball icon in the 1950's by winning 5 World Series in a row;

Whereas the New York Yankees' dominance was ignited in 1920 by the appearance of the indomitable Babe Ruth in pinstripes;

Whereas the New York Yankees have retired 11 numbers for 12 baseball legends;

Whereas the New York Yankees have had a player win the American League batting title 9 times;

Whereas the New York Yankees are represented in the Baseball Hall of Fame by 16 players who were inducted wearing the distinctive New York Yankee cap;

Whereas the New York Yankees have fielded teams such as the 1927 "Murderers' Row"; and

Whereas the New York Yankees have finished the 20th century meeting the standards they set throughout it: Now, therefore, be it Resolved,

SECTION 1. CONGRATULATION AND COMMENDATION.

The Senate recognizes and honors the New York Yankees—

(1) for their storied history;

(2) for their many contributions to the national pastime; and

(3) for continuing to carry the standards of character, commitment, and achievement for baseball and for the State of New York.

SEC. 2. TRANSMITTAL OF RESOLUTION.

The Senate directs the Secretary of the Senate to transmit an enrolled copy of this resolution to the New York Yankees owner, George Steinbrenner, and to the New York Yankees manager, Joe Torre.

DR. MARTIN LUTHER KING, JUNIOR, PAPERS PRESERVATION ACT

Mrs. HUTCHISON. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent the Rules Committee be discharged from further consideration of S. 1791 and the Senate then proceed to its immediate consideration.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered. The clerk will report the bill by title.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A bill (S. 1791) to authorize the Librarian of Congress to purchase papers of Dr. Martin Luther King, Junior, from Dr. King's estate.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the bill.

Mr. CAMPBELL. Mr. President, I support passage of the pending bill, S. 1791, that Senator LIEBERMAN and I introduced. This legislation would authorize the Librarian of Congress to acquire Dr. Martin Luther King, Junior's personal papers from his estate.

Dr. King, as a minister, civil rights leader, prolific writer and Nobel Prize winner, was deeply committed to non-violence in the struggle for civil rights. He is quite possible the most important and influential black leader in American history.

When Dr. King was tragically assassinated on April 4, 1968, he was in his

prime, after having emerged as a true national hero and a chief advocate of peacefully uniting a racially divided nation. He strove to build communities of hope and opportunity for all. He recognized that all Americans must be free if we are to live in a truly great nation.

The acquisition of Dr. King's papers would permanently place them in the public domain. People from all over the United States, and the entire world, would have direct access to these important historic documents. Those people studying his life's work would have access to his messages of justice and peace, and also to reflect on the civil rights struggle. The Library of Congress would be the perfect place for these papers which already houses other great works of original American freedom fighters such as Frederick Douglass and Thurgood Marshall. It is altogether fitting that these documents be together under one roof.

Dr. King was a person who wanted all people to get along regardless of their race, color or creed. His call to all of us, that we should judge by the content of one's character rather than by the color of one's skin, sums up the very core of how we can all peacefully live together as well as any other words ever spoken.

The establishment of Martin Luther King, Jr. Day as a national holiday was the result of the work of many determined people who wanted to ensure that we and future generations duly honor and remember his legacy. In fact, our tradition of honoring Dr. King took another step forward when on October 25, 1999, the President signed into law S. 322, a bill I introduced earlier this year that authorizes the flying of the American flag on Martin Luther King Day, in addition to all of our Nation's national holidays. This legislation builds on this work and will ensure that Dr. King's legacy is preserved for generations to come.

I urge my colleagues to support passage of this important bill.

Mrs. HUTCHISON. I ask unanimous consent the bill be read a third time and passed, the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, and any statements relating to the bill be printed in the RECORD.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The bill (S. 1791) was read the third time and passed, as follows:

S. 1791

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Dr. Martin Luther King, Junior, Papers Preservation Act".

SEC. 2. PURCHASE OF MARTIN LUTHER KING PAPERS BY LIBRARIAN OF CONGRESS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Librarian of Congress is authorized to acquire or purchase papers of Dr. Martin Luther King, Junior, from Dr. King's estate.

(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated to

the Librarian of Congress such sums as may be necessary to carry out this Act.

ORDERS FOR MONDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1999

Mrs. HUTCHISON. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that when the Senate completes its business today it adjourn until the hour of 12 noon on Monday, November 1. I further ask consent that on Monday, immediately following the prayer, the Journal of proceedings be approved to date, the morning hour be deemed expired, the time for the two leaders be reserved for their use later in the day, and the Senate then begin a period of morning business with Senators speaking for up to 5 minutes each, with the following exceptions: Senator DURBIN or designee, 12 noon to 1 p.m.; Senator THOMAS or designee, 1 p.m. to 2 p.m.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

DIVISION OF TIME

Mrs. HUTCHISON. I further ask the time reserved prior to the 10 o'clock vote on Tuesday be divided as follows for the majority side: Senator STEVENS, 5 minutes; Senator HUTCHISON of Texas, 5 minutes; Senator SPECTER, 5 minutes.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

PROGRAM

Mrs. HUTCHISON. For the information of all Senators, the Senate will be in a period of morning business from 12 noon to 2 o'clock p.m. on Monday. Following morning business, the Senate will resume debate on the conference report to accompany the D.C./Labor-HHS appropriations bill. Debate on the conference report is expected to consume the majority of the day. However, it may also be the majority leader's intention to resume consideration of the Caribbean Basin Initiative/African trade bill or resume discussion on the nuclear waste bill at some point during Monday's session of the Senate.

As a reminder, cloture was filed on the substitute amendment to the African trade bill as well as on the bill itself. Under the rule, those votes will occur on Tuesday, 1 hour after the Senate convenes or at a time to be determined by the two leaders.

By previous consent, a vote on the D.C./Labor-HHS appropriations conference report has been scheduled to occur at 10 a.m. on Tuesday, and the majority leader has announced that vote will be the first vote of the week.

IN HONOR OF SENATOR JOHN CHAFEE

Mr. KYL. John Chafee was a gentleman with every quality that term connotes. He always treated everyone with the utmost respect. He was unfailingly courteous to everyone. I never heard him utter a bad word